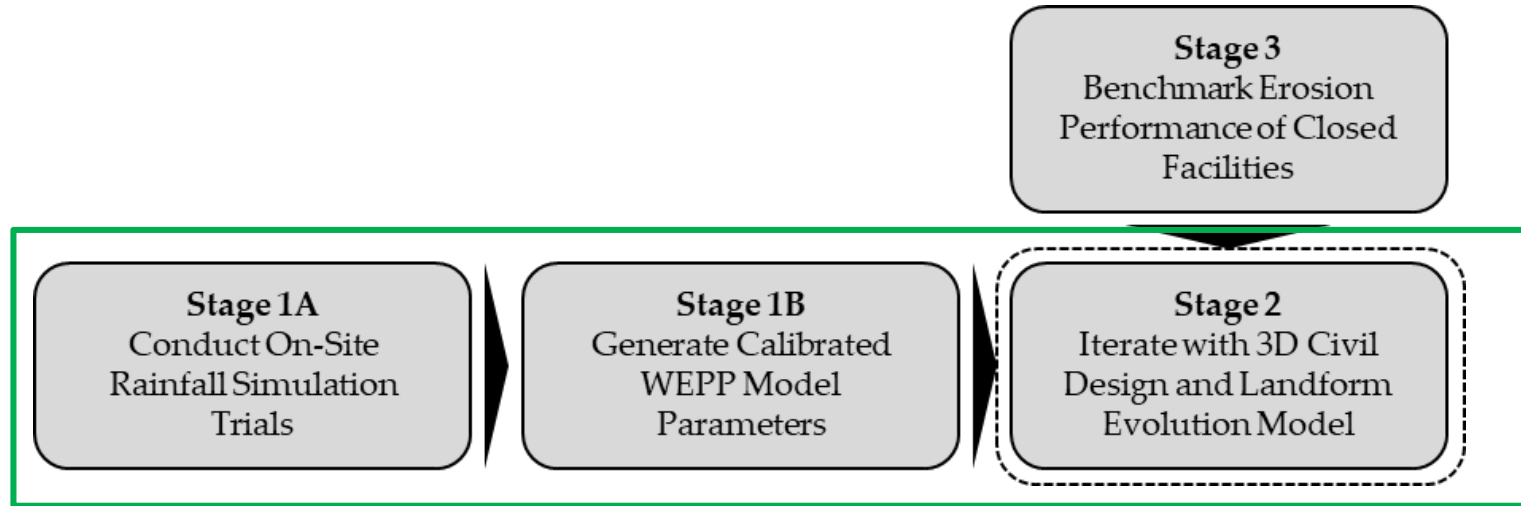


Integration of Field Erosion Measurements with Erosion Models and 3D Design Tools for Development of Erosion Resistant Cover Systems

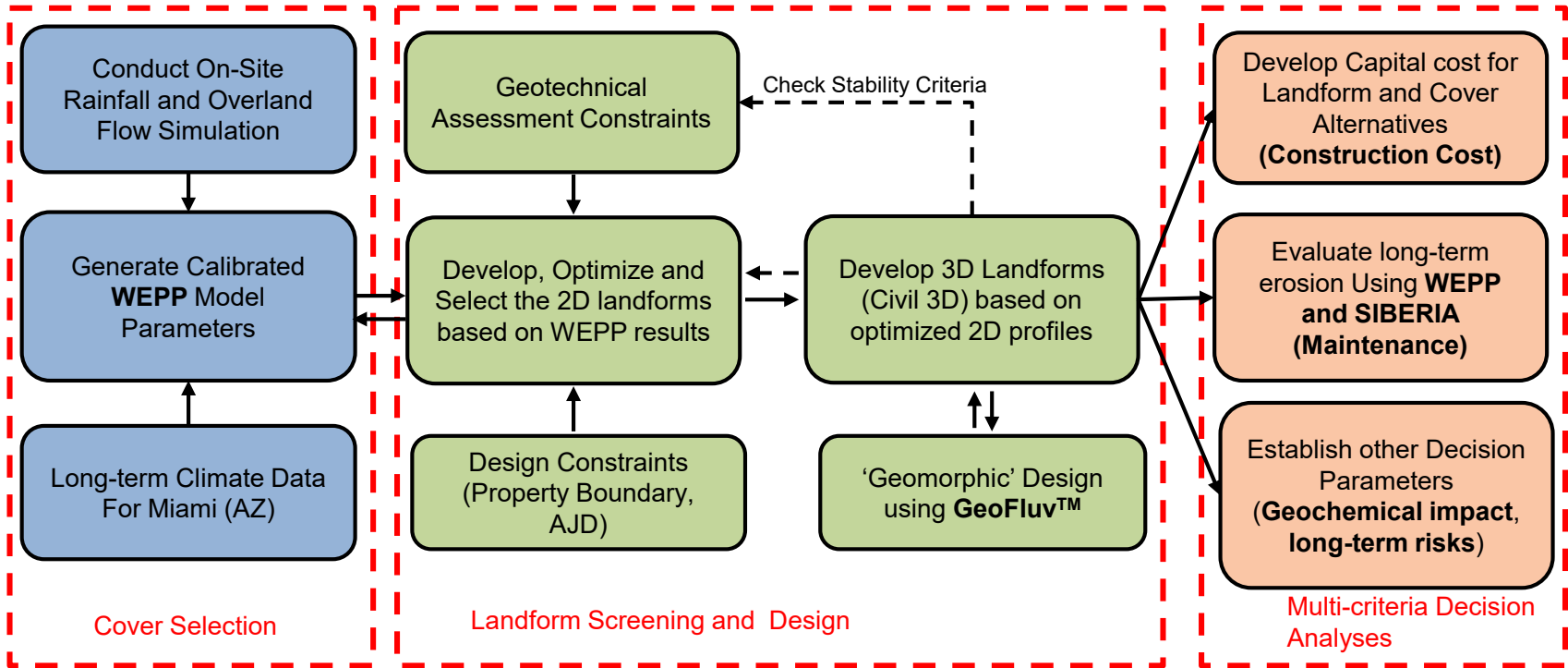
Rahul Peroor
Principal Consultant (Civil Engineering)

September 5, 2019

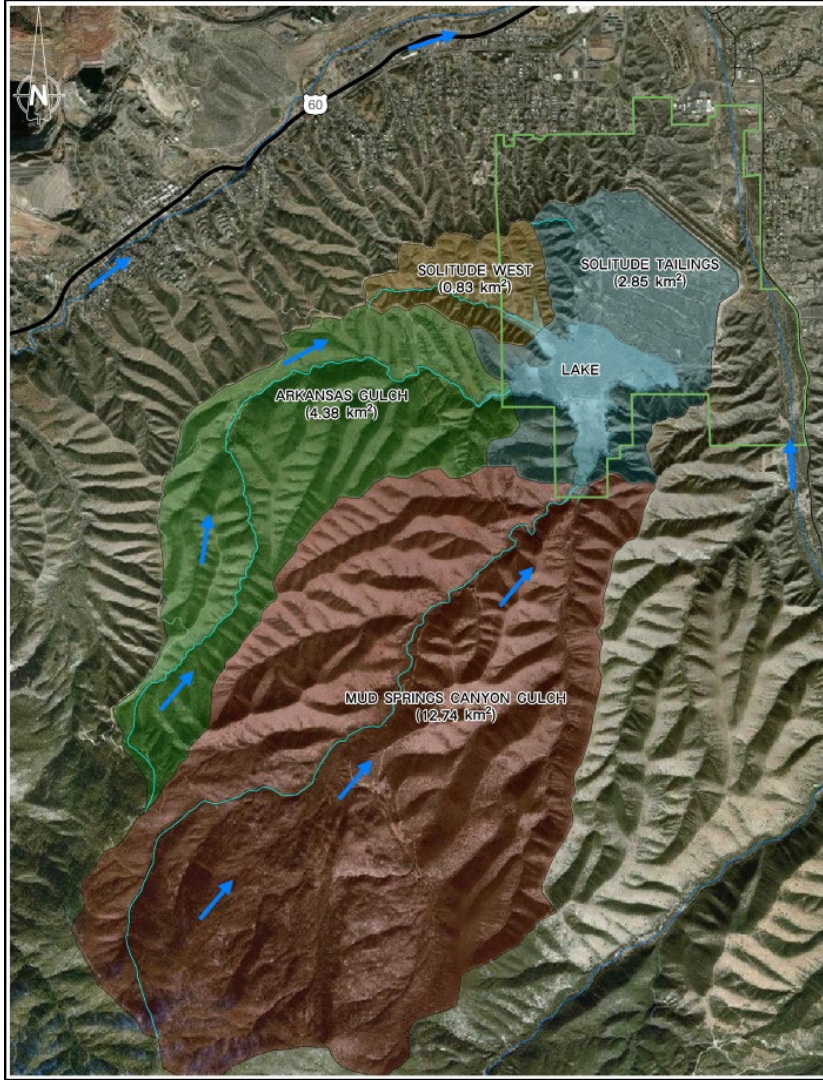
Erosion Study Phases



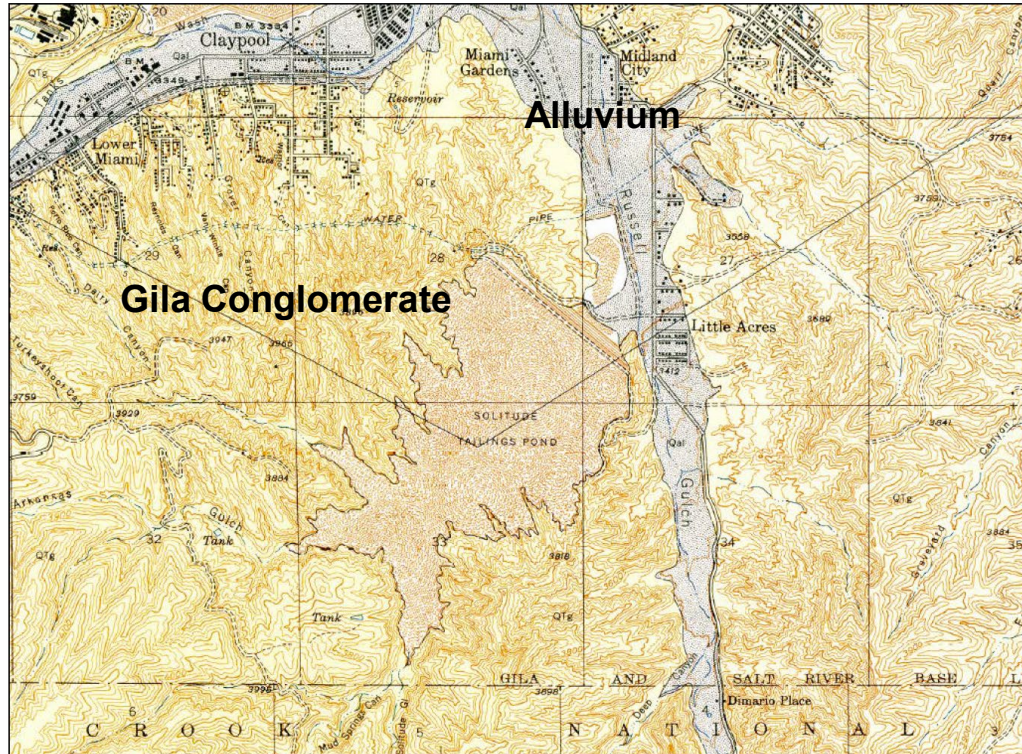
Stages 1 & 2 Workflow



Solitude General Layout



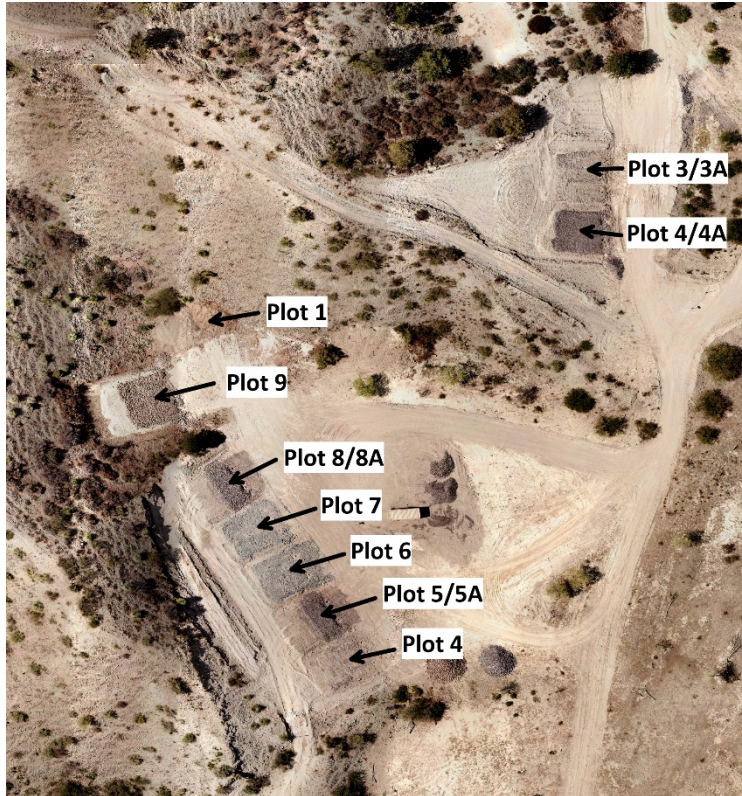
Solitude Site Geology



Source: Peterson, 1962



Onsite Erodibility Studies



- Objectives

- Access erodibility of Natural Slopes - Benchmark
- Access erodibility of Run of Borrow Gila Conglomerate
- Rock Veneer (Varying sizes)
- Screened Coarse Gila erodibility
- Assess erodibility of Gila Conglomerate mixed with Rock Veneer(Increase its coarse content)
- Assess impact of bedding layer

On-Site Rainfall Simulation



Rainfall simulations

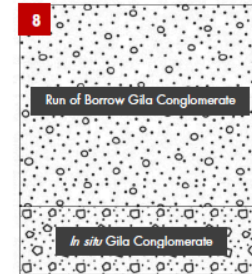


Overland flow simulations

Onsite Erodibility Studies – Gila Conglomerate Covers (Plot 1, 8)



Plot 1 – Natural Gila Hill Slope





Plot 8
Gila Conglomerate Soil

WEPP Prediction (Plots 1,8)

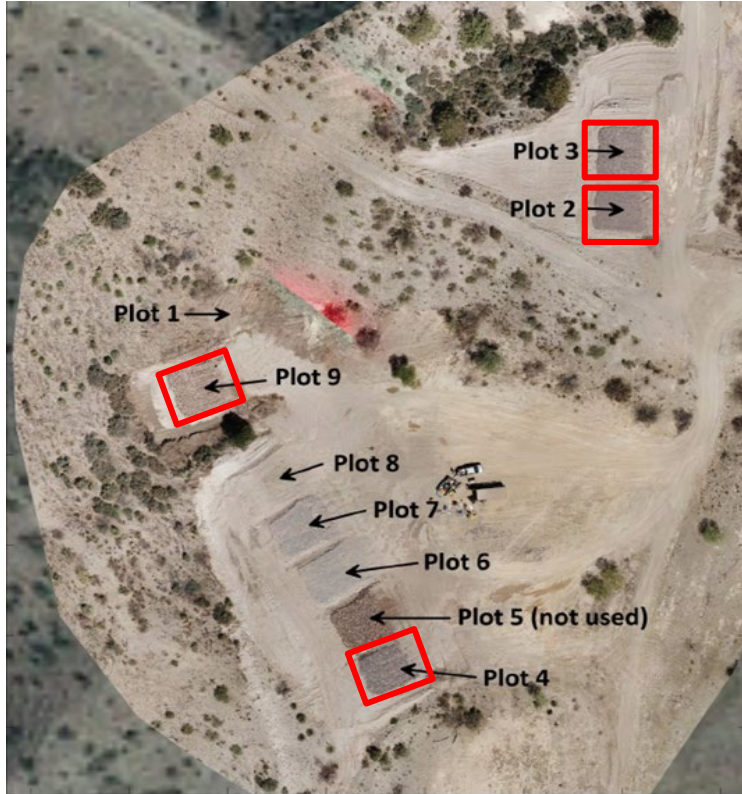
Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (ft)	Linear Batter Height (ft)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:			
			Plot 1		Plot 8	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° 20%	400	80	0.2	0.8	6.6	22
	700	140	0.5	1.8	11	28
	1,000	200	0.7	2.5	11	26
	1,300	260	0.8	2.9	11	22
14° 25%	400	100	0.5	1.7	12	36
	700	175	1	3.7	19	41
	1,000	250	1.4	4.7	18	33
	1,300	325	1.7	5.3	17	31
18° 33%	400	132	1	3.4	23	55
	700	231	2.1	6.7	31	55
	1,000	330	3	8.6	29	44
	1,300	429	3.5	9.8	27	42

- Benchmark for low erosion rates:
 - Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y
 - Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y

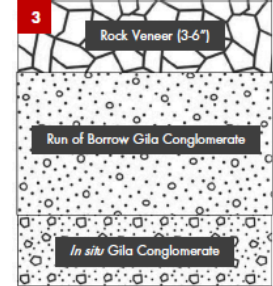
 Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates

 Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates

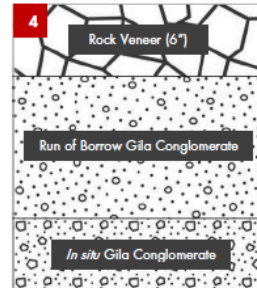
Onsite Erodibility Studies – Rock Veneer Covers (Plots 2, 3, 4, 9)



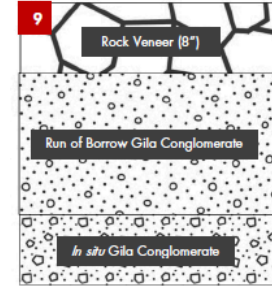
$D_{50} \sim 25 - 75\text{mm}$



$D_{50} \sim 75 - 150\text{mm}$



$D_{50} \sim 150\text{mm}$



$D_{50} \sim 200\text{mm}$

WEPP Prediction (Plots 2, 3, 4, 9)

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (ft)	Linear Batter Height (ft)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:							
			Plot 2		Plot 3		Plot 4		Plot 9	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° 20%	400	80	0.4	1.6	1.2	5	0.7	3.4	1.6	7.3
	700	140	0.9	3.3	3.1	12	2.1	9	5.1	20
	1,000	200	1.3	4.1	4.7	16	3.5	14	8.8	32
	1,300	260	1.5	4.4	6	19	4.6	17	12	40
14° 25%	400	100	0.9	3	2.5	9.2	1.6	7	3.7	15
	700	175	1.8	5.7	6.1	20	4.7	18	10	36
	1,000	250	2.3	6.9	8.8	27	7.5	25	17	53
	1,300	325	2.6	7.2	11	31	9.4	29	21	62
18° 33%	400	132	1.8	5.6	5.1	17	3.9	15	8.4	30
	700	231	3.5	10	11	33	9.9	32	20	63
	1,000	330	4.4	11	16	44	15	44	32	87
	1,300	429	4.9	12	20	49	18	49	40	100

- Erosion Benchmark for low erosion rates:

- Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y

- Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y



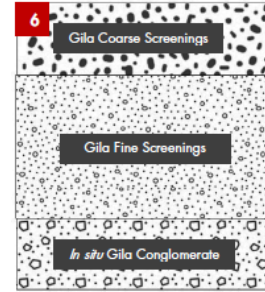
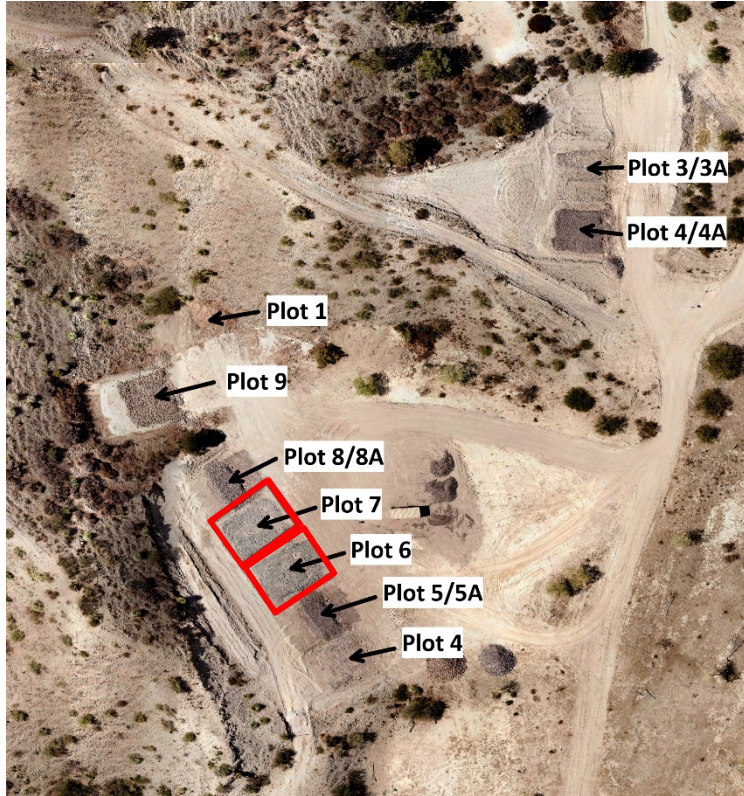
Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates



Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates





Onsite Erodibility Studies – Screened Coarse Gila Covers (Plot 6, 7)



WEPP Prediction (Plots 6,7)

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (m)	Linear Batter Height (m)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:			
			Plot 6		Plot 7	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° 20%	400	80	0.4	1.5	0.7	2.9
	700	140	0.8	2.7	1.7	6.4
	1,000	200	1.1	3.4	2.4	8.4
	1,300	260	1.2	3.5	2.9	9.6
14° 25%	400	100	0.8	2.6	1.4	5.4
	700	175	1.5	4.7	3.4	12
	1,000	250	1.9	5.5	4.6	14
	1,300	325	2.1	5.7	5.5	16
18° 33%	400	132	1.5	4.7	3	10
	700	231	2.9	7.9	6.7	20
	1,000	330	3.6	9.3	9	24
	1,300	429	4.1	10	11	27

- Benchmark for low erosion rates:
 - Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y
 - Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y

-  Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates
-  Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates

Onsite Erodibility Studies – Gila + Rock Veneer Blended Covers



Plot 3A – Gila mixed with Rock ($D_{50} \sim 75 - 150\text{mm}$)





Plot 4A – Gila mixed with Rock ($D_{50} \sim 25 - 75\text{mm}$)

WEPP Prediction (Plots 3A, 4A)

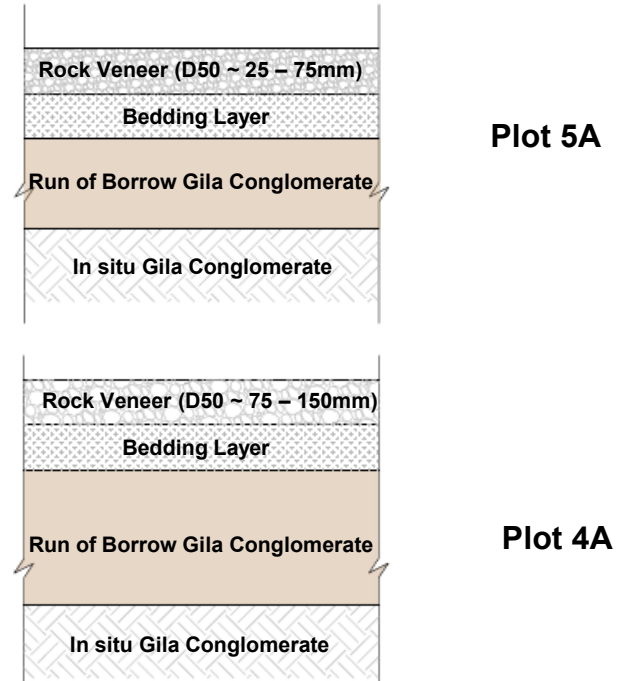
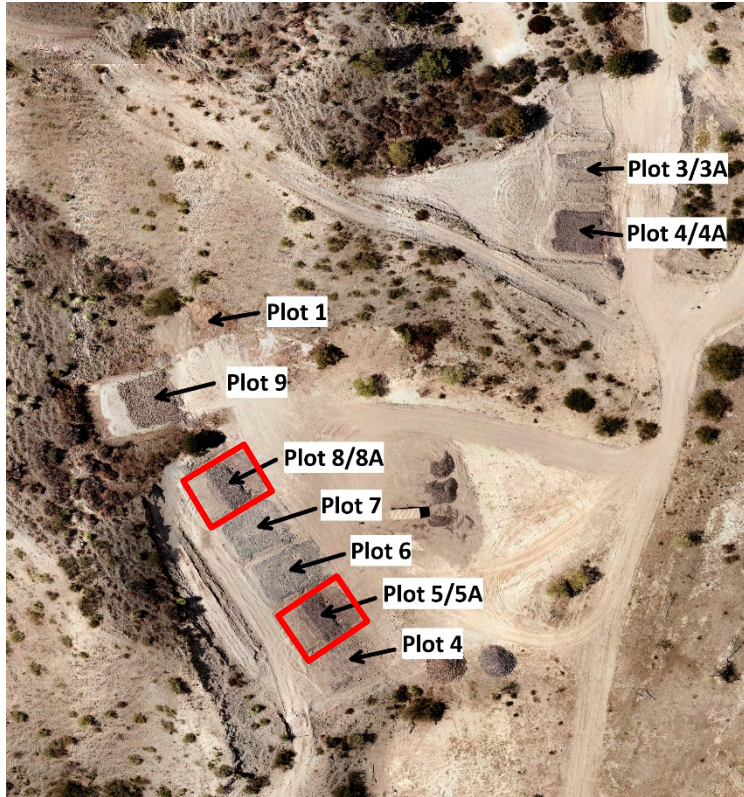
Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (m)	Linear Batter Height (m)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:			
			Plot 3A		Plot 4A	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° 20%	400	80	0.9	3.4	0.8	3.8
	700	140	1.8	3.9	1.9	5.9
	1,000	200	1.8	3.3	2.6	6.1
	1,300	260	2.1	4.9	2.7	6.1
14° 25%	400	100	1.7	4.8	2	8.6
	700	175	2.6	5.2	4.1	13
	1,000	250	3	7.9	4.5	13
	1,300	325	3.7	9.1	4.8	13
18° 33%	400	132	3.3	9.8	4.9	17
	700	231	5.1	13	8.6	25
	1,000	330	5.8	12	9.8	25
	1,300	429	6.1	12	10	22

- Benchmark for low erosion rates:
 - Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y
 - Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y

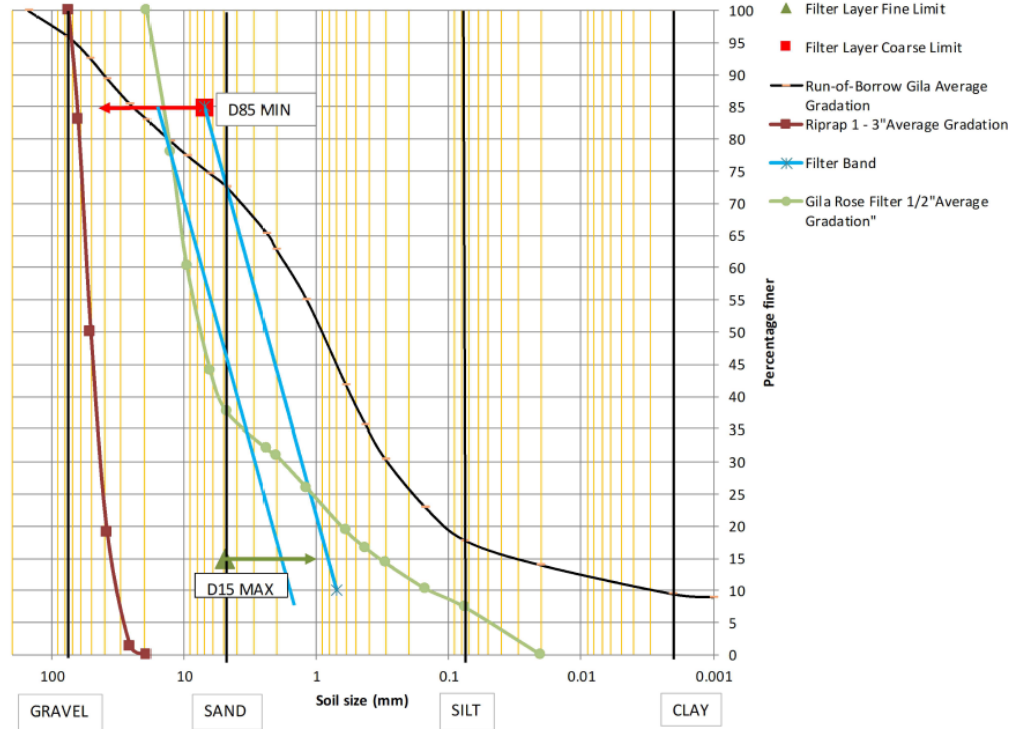
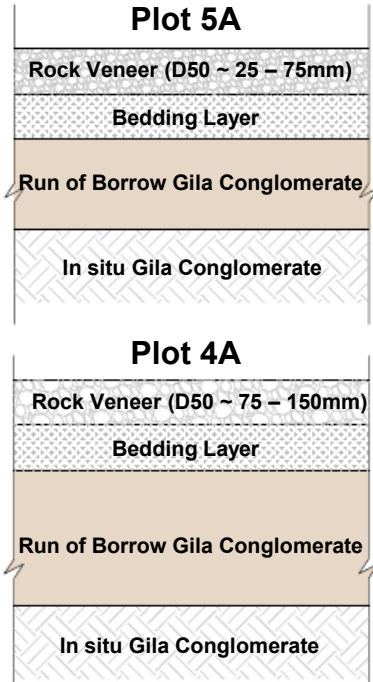
 Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates

 Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates

Onsite Erodibility Studies – Rock Veneer with Bedding Covers





Onsite Erodibility Studies –Bedding Layer



WEPP Prediction (Plots 5A, 8A)

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (m)	Linear Batter Height (m)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:			
			Plot 5A		Plot 8A	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° 20%	400	80	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4
	700	140	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.8
	1,000	200	0.2	0.7	0.4	1.2
	1,300	260	0.3	0.9	0.6	1.6
14° 25%	400	100	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.8
	700	175	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.4
	1,000	250	0.4	1	0.8	1.9
	1,300	325	0.5	1.3	0.9	2.3
18° 33%	400	132	0.3	0.9	0.5	1.6
	700	231	0.5	1.4	0.9	2.5
	1,000	330	0.6	1.5	1.2	2.9
	1,300	429	0.8	1.8	1.4	3.4

- Benchmark for low erosion rates:
 - Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y
 - Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y



-  Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates
-  Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates

Cover Selection – WEPP Prediction

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (ft)	Linear Batter Height (ft)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:							
			Plot 1		Plot 2/2A		Plot 3		Plot 4	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° (20%)	400	80	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.6	1.2	5.0	0.7	3.4
	700	140	0.5	1.8	0.9	3.3	3.1	12	2.1	9.0
	1,000	200	0.7	2.5	1.3	4.1	4.7	16	3.5	14
	1,300	260	0.8	2.9	1.5	4.4	6.0	19	4.6	17
14° (25%)	400	100	0.5	1.7	0.9	3.0	2.5	9.2	1.6	7.0
	700	175	1.0	3.7	1.8	5.7	6.1	20	4.7	18
	1,000	250	1.4	4.7	2.3	6.9	8.8	27	7.5	25
	1,300	325	1.7	5.3	2.6	7.2	11	31	9.4	29
18° (33%)	400	132	1.0	3.4	1.8	5.6	5.1	17	3.9	15
	700	231	2.1	6.7	3.5	10	11	33	9.9	32
	1,000	330	3.0	8.6	4.4	11	16	44	15	44
	1,300	429	3.5	9.8	4.9	12	20	49	18	49

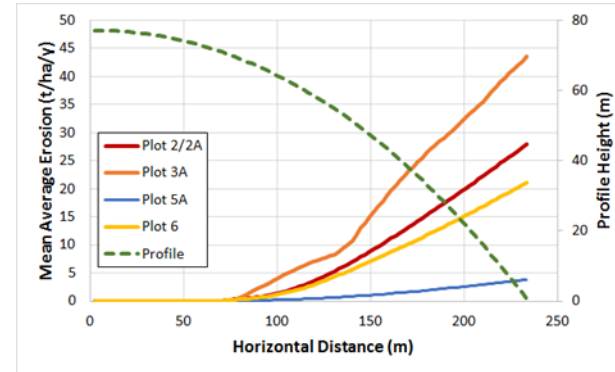
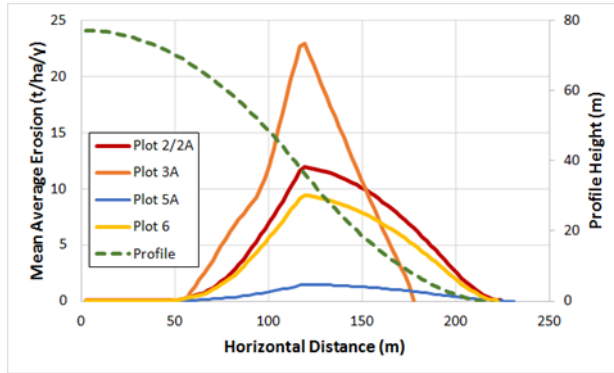
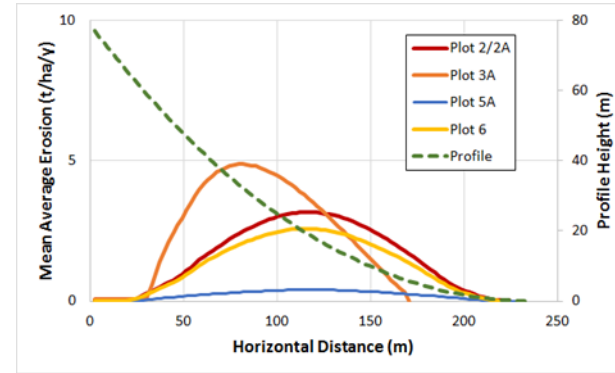
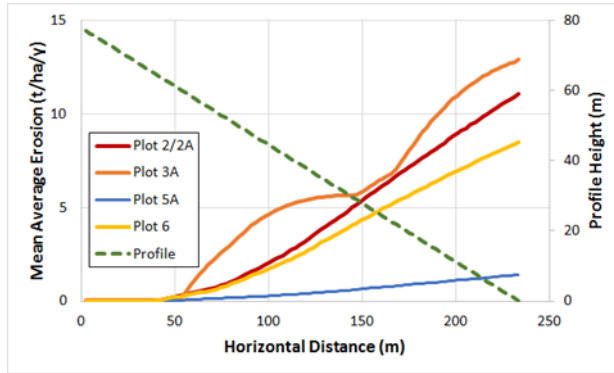
- Benchmark for low erosion rates:
 - Predicted Mean Average Annual Erosion Rate < 5t/ha/y
 - Predicted Peak Average Annual Erosion Rate < 10t/ha/y

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (m)	Linear Batter Height (m)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:							
			Plot 6		Plot 7		Plot 8		Plot 9	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° (20%)	400	80	0.4	1.5	0.7	2.9	6.6	22	1.6	7.3
	700	140	0.8	2.7	1.7	6.4	11	28	5.1	20
	1,000	200	1.1	3.4	2.4	8.4	11	26	8.8	32
	1,300	260	1.2	3.5	2.9	9.6	11	22	12	40
14° (25%)	400	100	0.8	2.6	1.4	5.4	12	36	3.7	15
	700	175	1.5	4.7	3.4	12	19	41	10	36
	1,000	250	1.9	5.5	4.6	14	18	33	17	53
	1,300	325	2.1	5.7	5.5	16	17	31	21	62
18° (33%)	400	132	1.5	4.7	3.0	10	23	55	8.4	30
	700	231	2.9	7.9	6.7	20	31	55	20	63
	1,000	330	3.6	9.3	9.0	24	29	44	32	87
	1,300	429	4.1	10	11	27	27	42	40	100

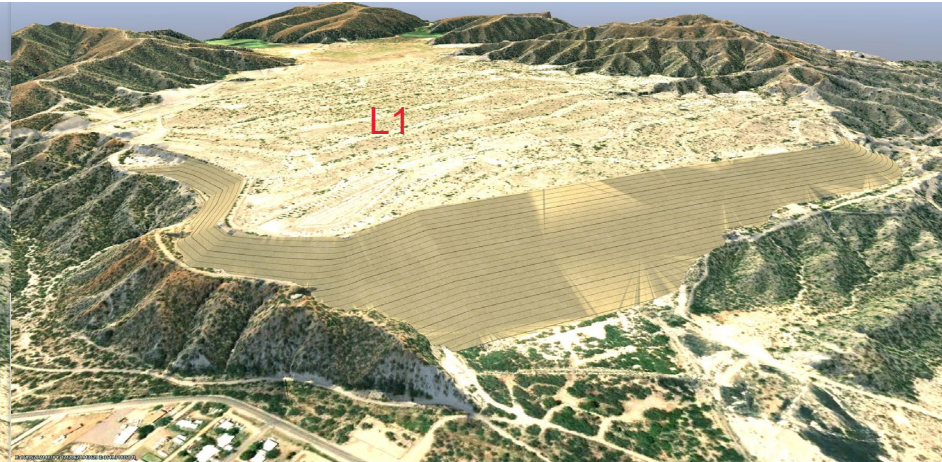
-  Slope lengths and gradients that exhibit acceptably low erosion rates
-  Slope lengths and gradients that do not achieve acceptably low erosion rates

Linear Batter Gradient (°)	Slope Length (m)	Linear Batter Height (m)	WEPP-Predicted Mean and Peak Average Annual Erosion (t/ha/y) for:							
			Plot 3A		Plot 4A		Plot 5A		Plot 8A	
			Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean	Peak
11° (20%)	400	80	0.9	3.4	0.8	3.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4
	700	140	1.8	3.9	1.9	5.9	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.8
	1,000	200	1.8	3.3	2.6	6.1	0.2	0.7	0.4	1.2
	1,300	260	2.1	4.9	2.7	6.1	0.3	0.9	0.6	1.6
14° (25%)	400	100	1.7	4.8	2.0	8.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.8
	700	175	2.6	5.2	4.1	13	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.4
	1,000	250	3.0	7.9	4.5	13	0.4	1.0	0.8	1.9
	1,300	325	3.7	9.1	4.8	13	0.5	1.3	0.9	2.3
18° (33%)	400	132	3.3	9.8	4.9	17	0.3	0.9	0.5	1.6
	700	231	5.1	13	8.6	25	0.5	1.4	0.9	2.5
	1,000	330	5.8	12	9.8	25	0.6	1.5	1.2	2.9
	1,300	429	6.1	12	10	22	0.8	1.8	1.4	3.4

Landform Screening

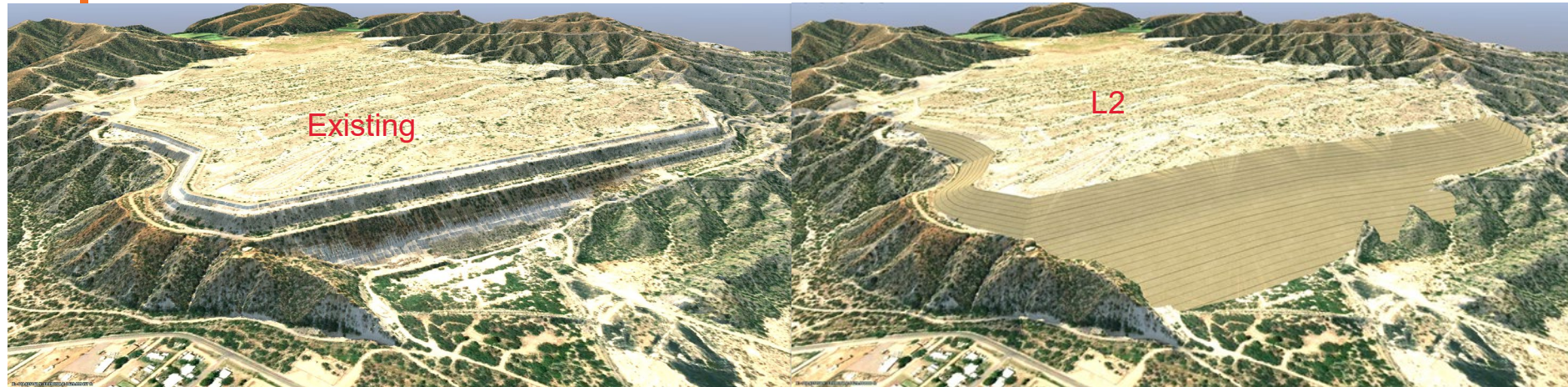


Landform Development (Straight Linear)



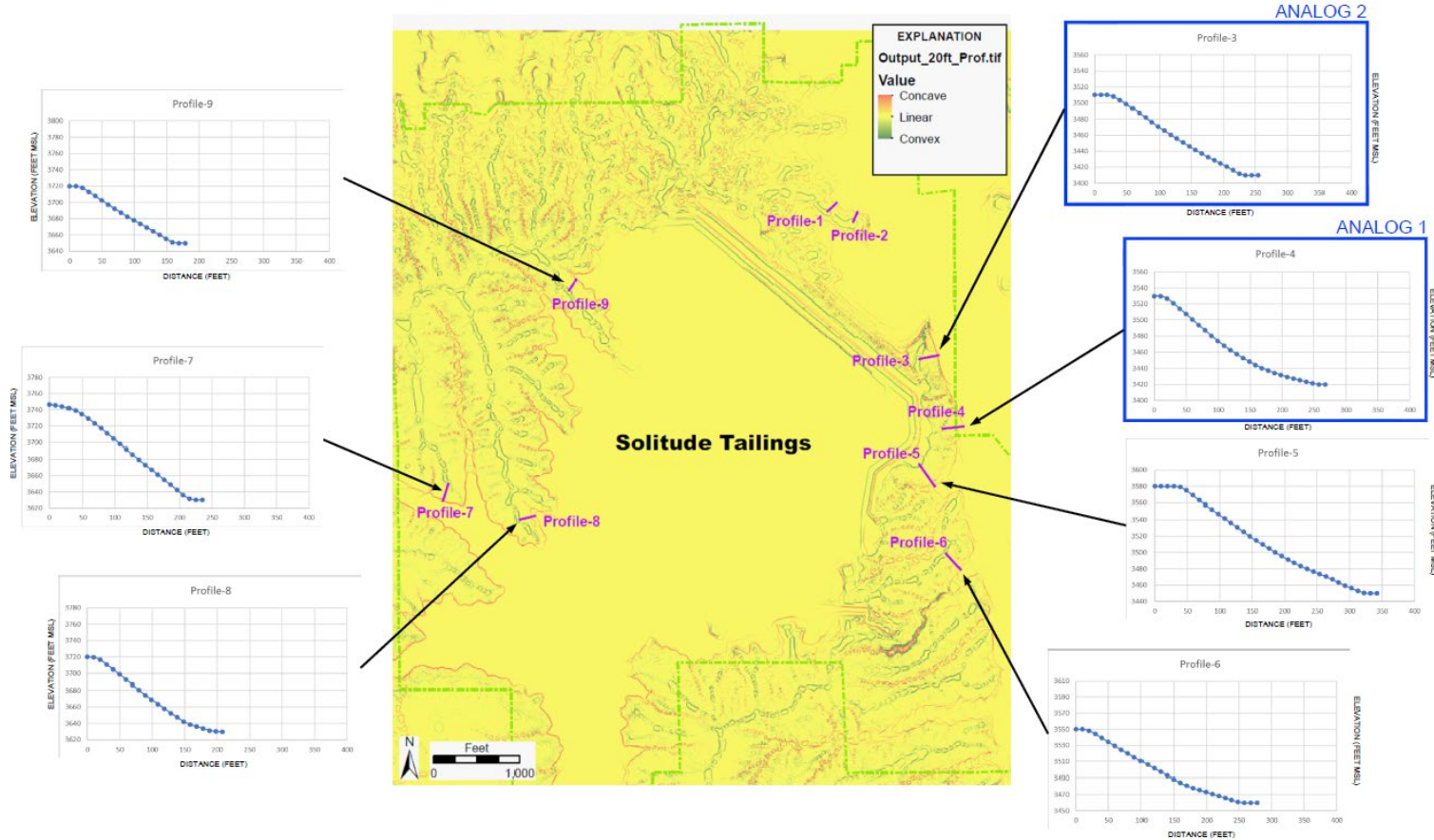
Landform	Slope	Type
L1	3H:1V	Straight Linear
L3	4H:1V	Straight Linear

Landform Development (Concave)

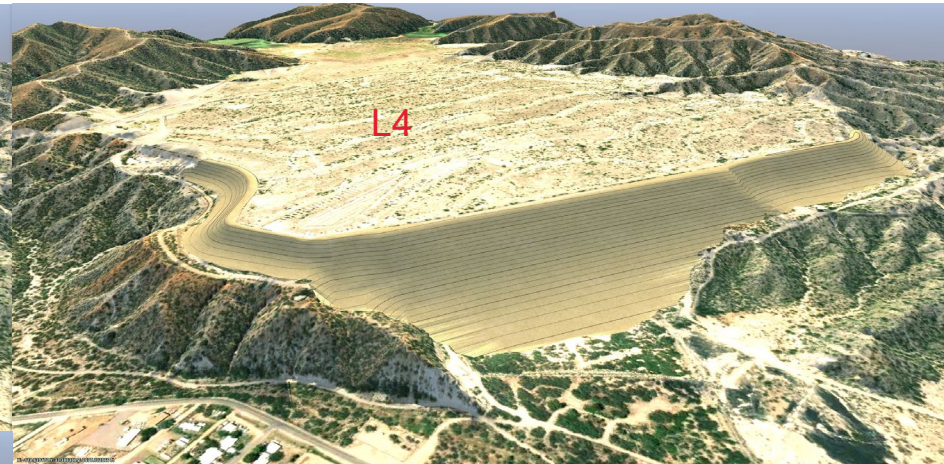


Landform	Slope	Type
L2	3H:1V - 4H:1V	Concave

Natural Slope Analogs

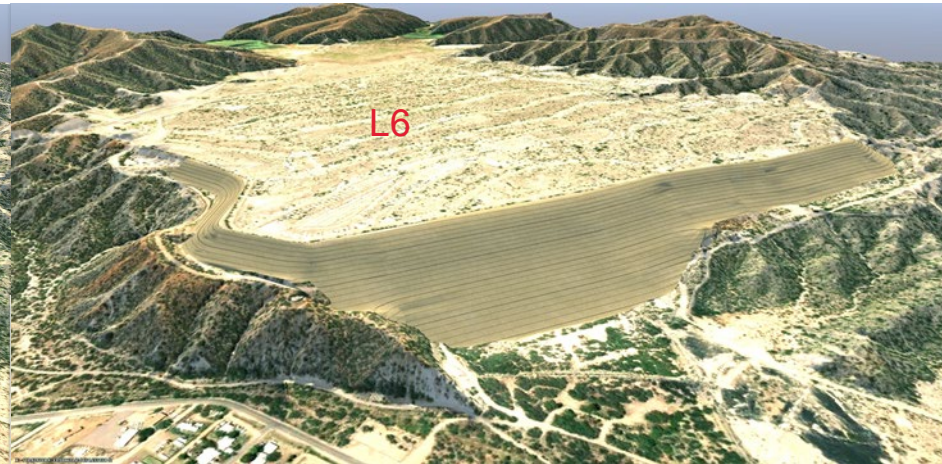


Landform Development (Convex-Concave - Analog 1)



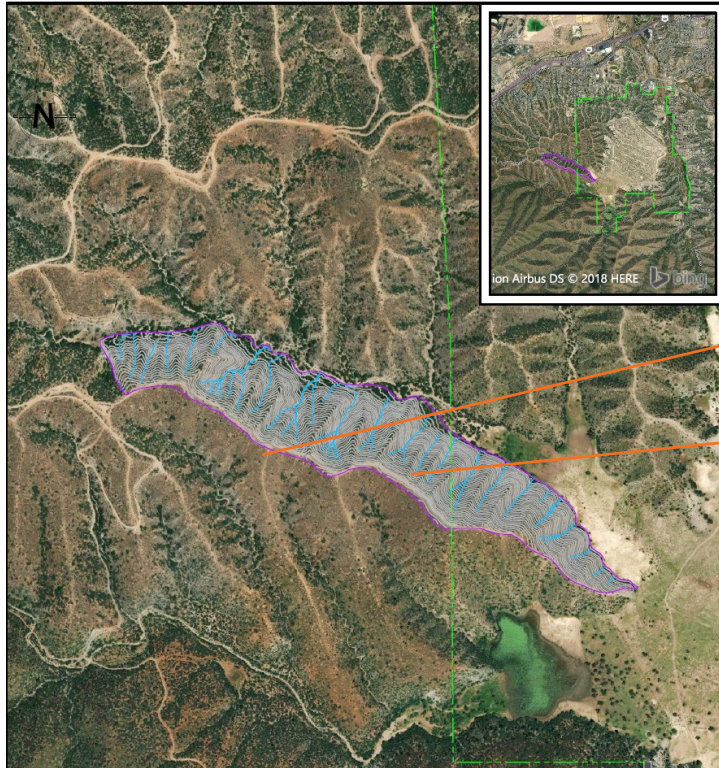
Landform	Slope	Type
L4	3H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)
L5	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)

Landform Development (Convex-Concave - Analog 2)



Landform	Slope	Type
L6	3H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 2)
L7	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 2)

Landform Development (Natural Drainage Pattern)

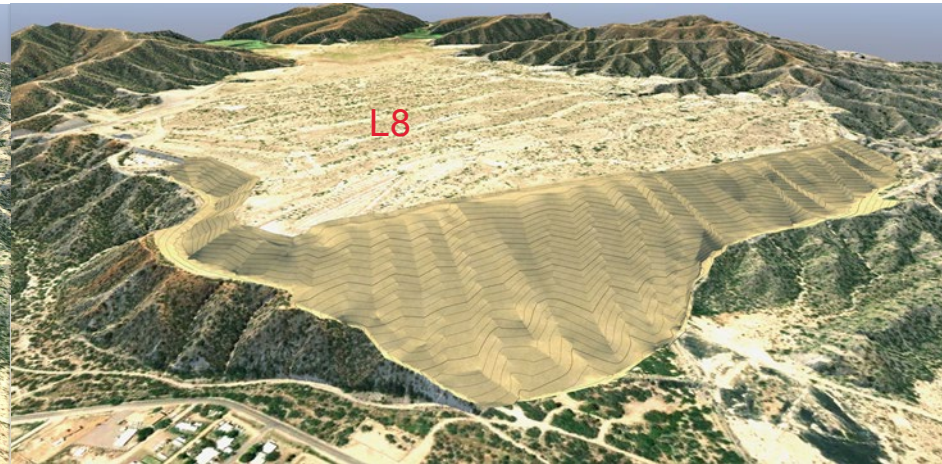


Natural Regrade Global Settings

Maximum distance between connecting channels (ft.)	3.00
Maximum distance from ridgeline to channel's head (ft.)	500
Maximum convex portion of subridge:	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1.5 x 500 (ft.)	750
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Percent of overall length (%)	10
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maximum convex portion of swale (ft.)	25
Slope at the mouth of the main valley bottom channel (%)	-0.50
'A' channel reach (ft.)	50.00
2-yr, 1-hr(in.) (see documentation)	Rain Map 0.94
50-yr, 6-hr(in.) (see documentation)	Rain Map 3.08
Target drainage density (ft./ac.)	250.00
Target drainage density variance (%)	20.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Force ridges to be lower than GeoFluv boundary	
Angle from subridge to channel's perpendicular, upstream (deg.)	55.00
North or East straight-line slopes (%)	33.33
Maximum straight-line slopes (%)	33.33
Maximum cut / fill (%)	100.00
Minimum cut / fill (%)	100.00
Cut swell factor	1.000
Fill shrink factor	1.000
Channel: head elevation tolerance (ft.)	0.300
Channel: head slope tolerance (%)	20.000

OK Cancel Load Save As Help

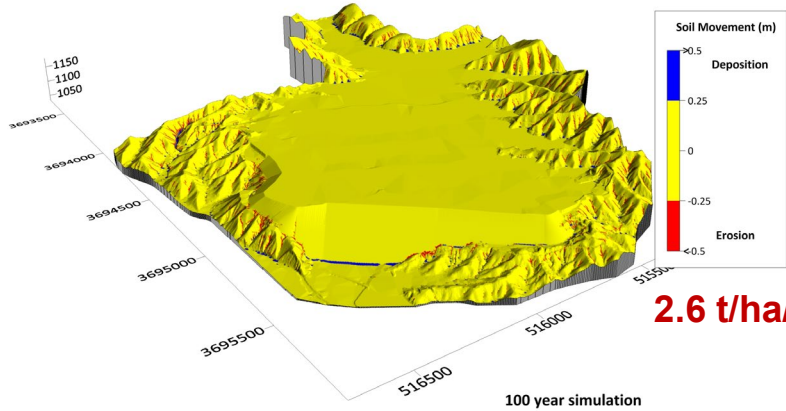
Landform Development (Natural Drainage Pattern)



Landform	Slope	Type
L8	3H:1V-4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)
L9	4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)

SIBERIA Results (Cover 2A)

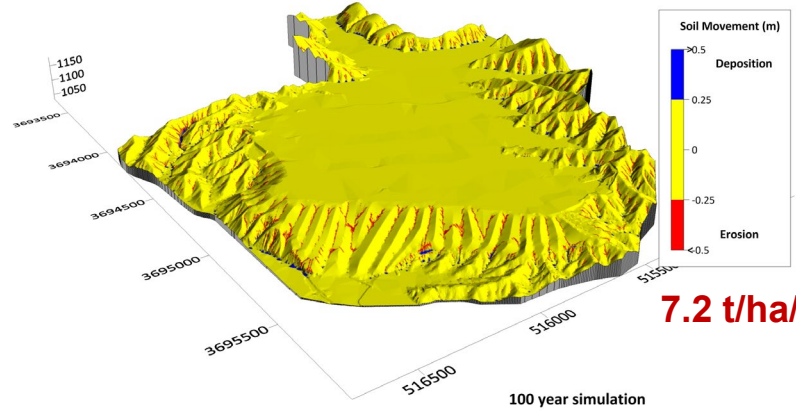
L1 surface with material 2A applied to embankment



2.6 t/ha/y

100 year simulation

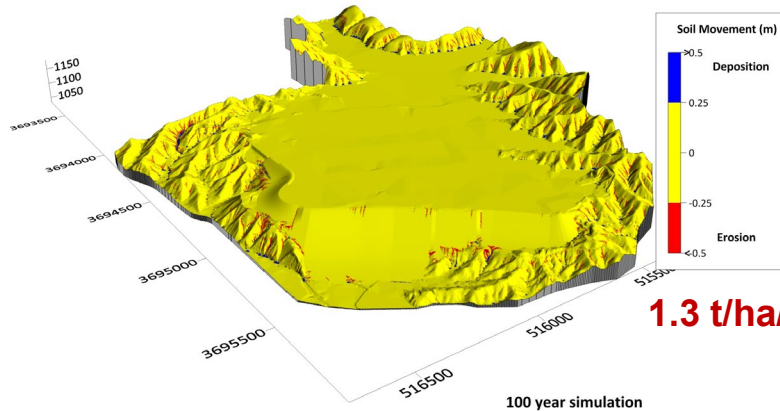
L9 surface with material 2A applied to embankment



7.2 t/ha/y

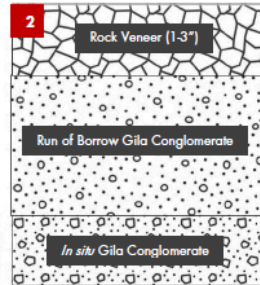
100 year simulation

L5 surface with material 2A applied to embankment



1.3 t/ha/y

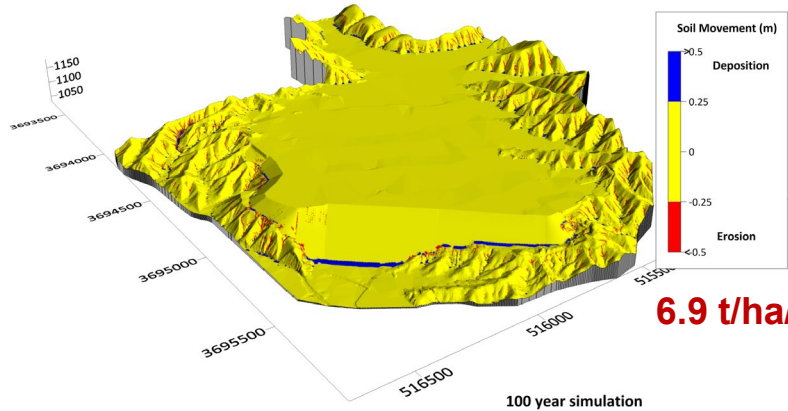
100 year simulation



Landform	Slope	Type
L1	3H:1V	Straight
L5	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)
L9	4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)

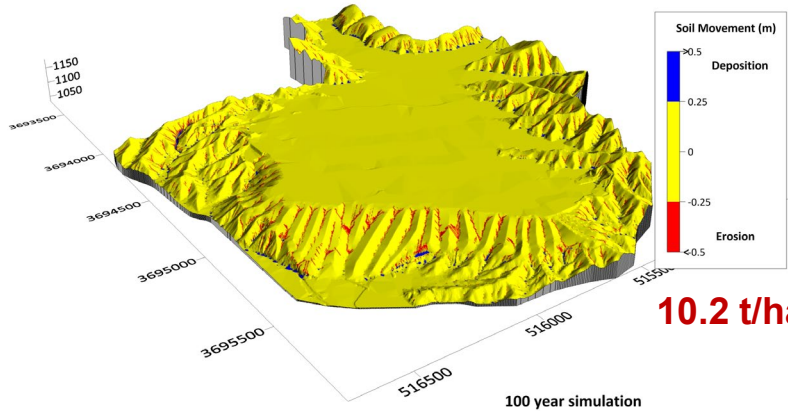
SIBERIA Results (Cover 3A)

L1 surface with material 3A applied to embankment



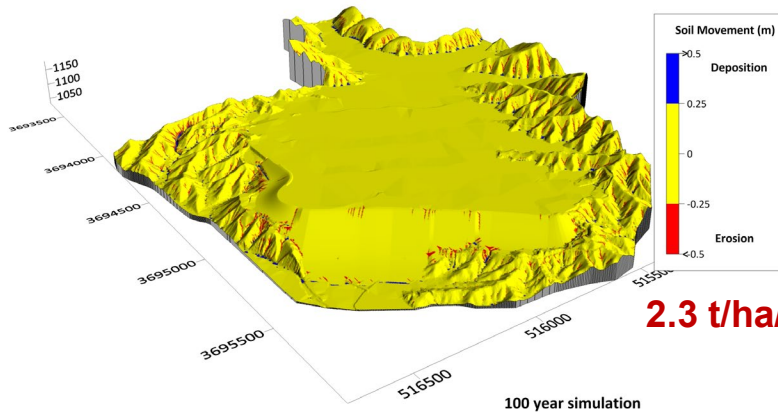
6.9 t/ha/y

L9 surface with material 3A applied to embankment



10.2 t/ha/y

L5 surface with material 3A applied to embankment



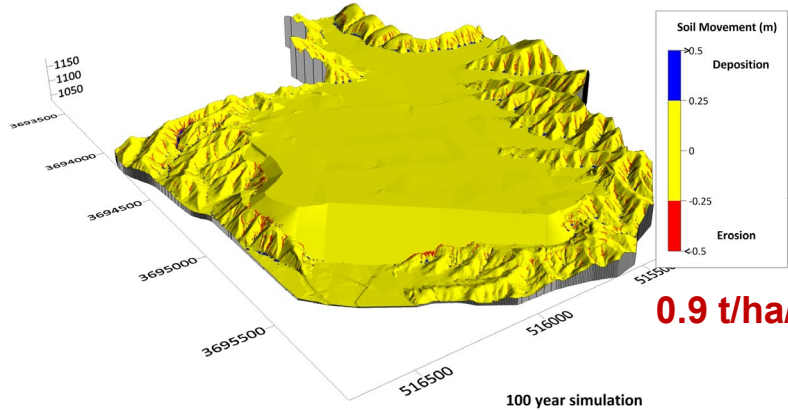
2.3 t/ha/y



Landform	Slope	Type
L1	3H:1V	Straight
L5	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)
L9	4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)

SIBERIA Results (Cover 5A)

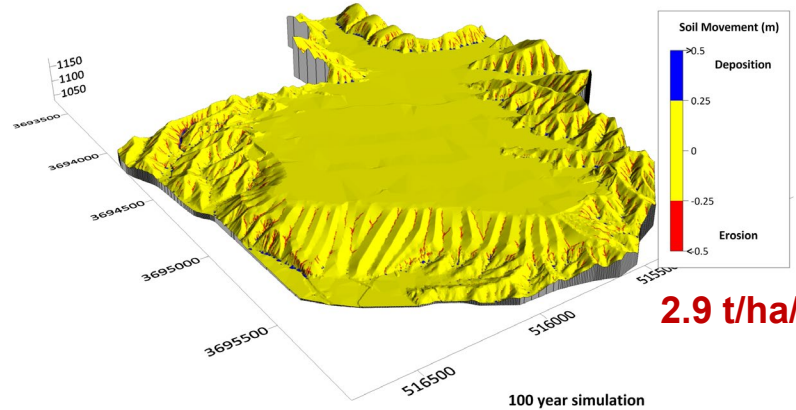
L1 surface with material 5A applied to embankment



0.9 t/ha/y

100 year simulation

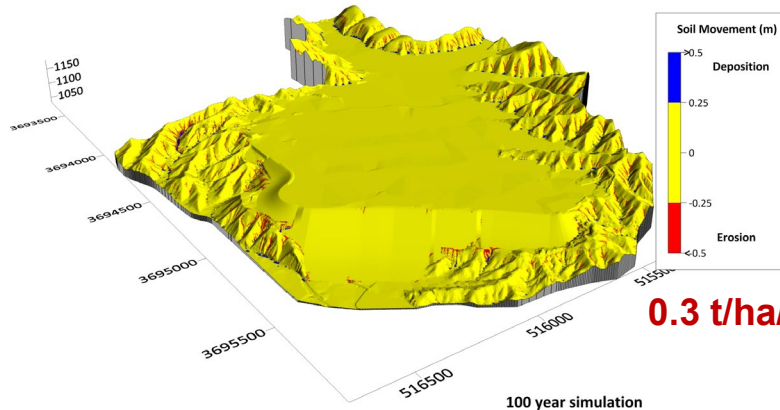
L9 surface with material 5A applied to embankment



2.9 t/ha/y

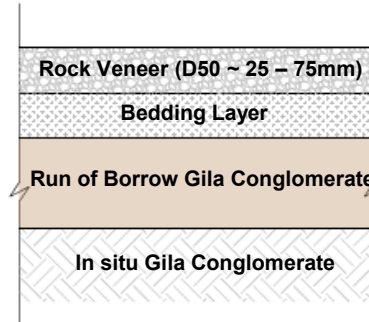
100 year simulation

L5 surface with material 5A applied to embankment



0.3 t/ha/y

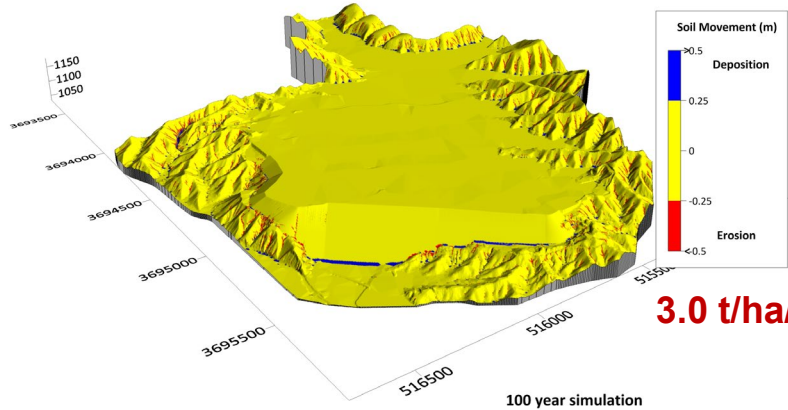
100 year simulation



Landform	Slope	Type
L1	3H:1V	Straight
L5	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)
L9	4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)

SIBERIA Results (Cover 6)

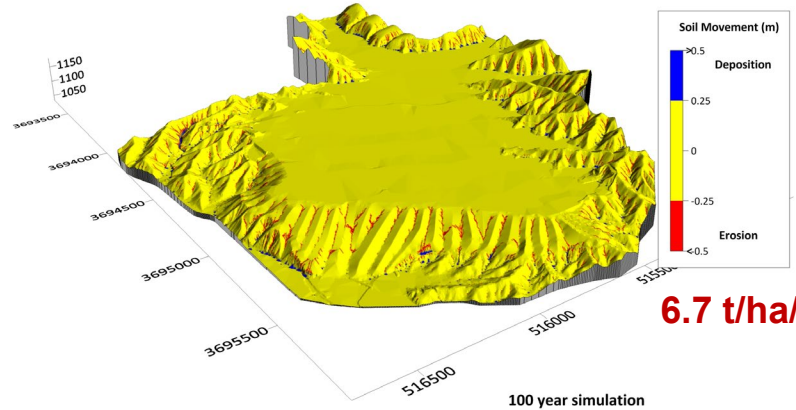
L1 surface with material 6 applied to embankment



3.0 t/ha/y

100 year simulation

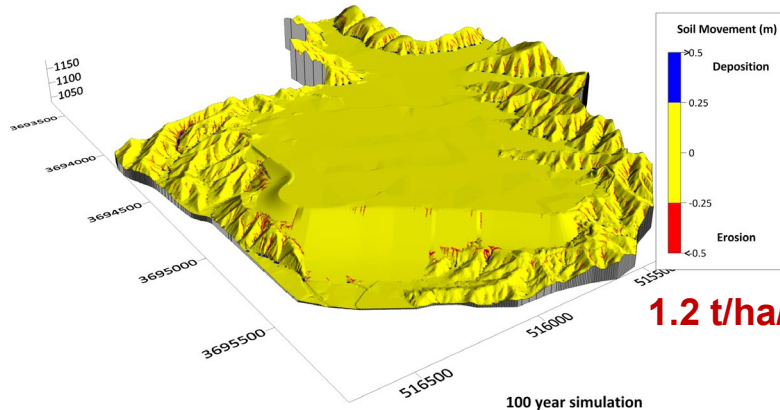
L9 surface with material 6 applied to embankment



6.7 t/ha/y

100 year simulation

L5 surface with material 6 applied to embankment



1.2 t/ha/y

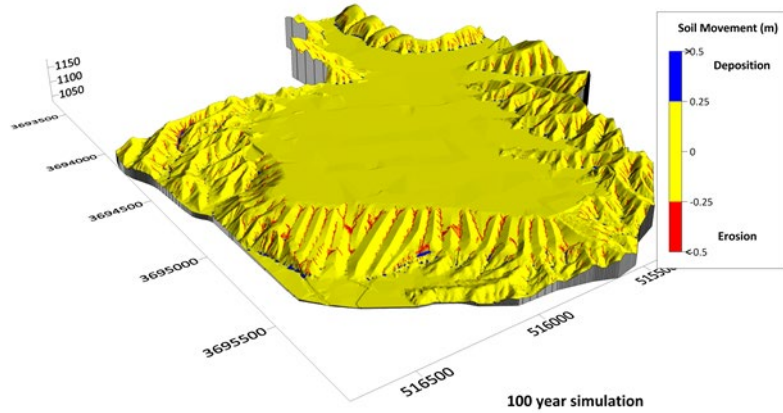
100 year simulation



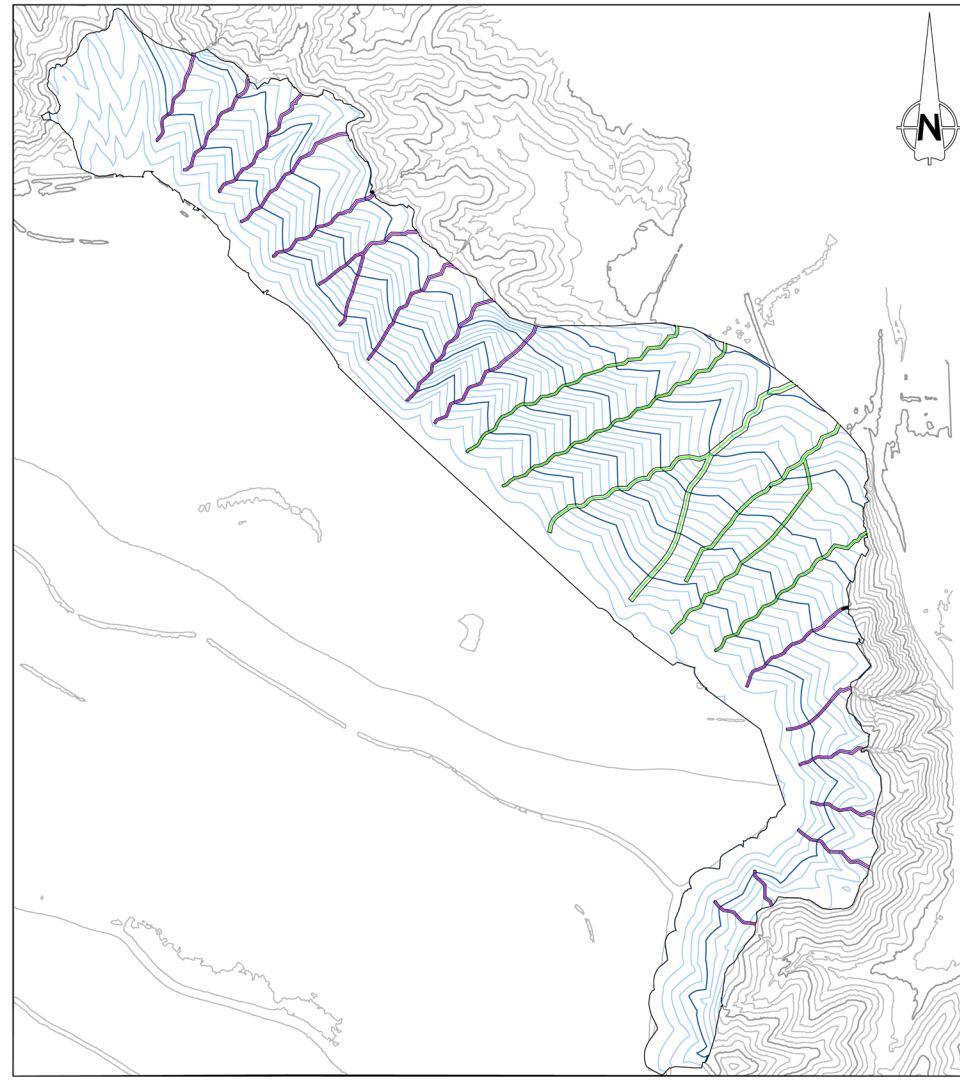
Landform	Slope	Type
L1	3H:1V	Straight
L5	4H:1V	Convex-Concave (Analog 1)
L9	4H:1V	Natural Drainage Pattern (GeoFluv)

Path Forward Design Optimization

L9 surface with material 3A applied to embankment

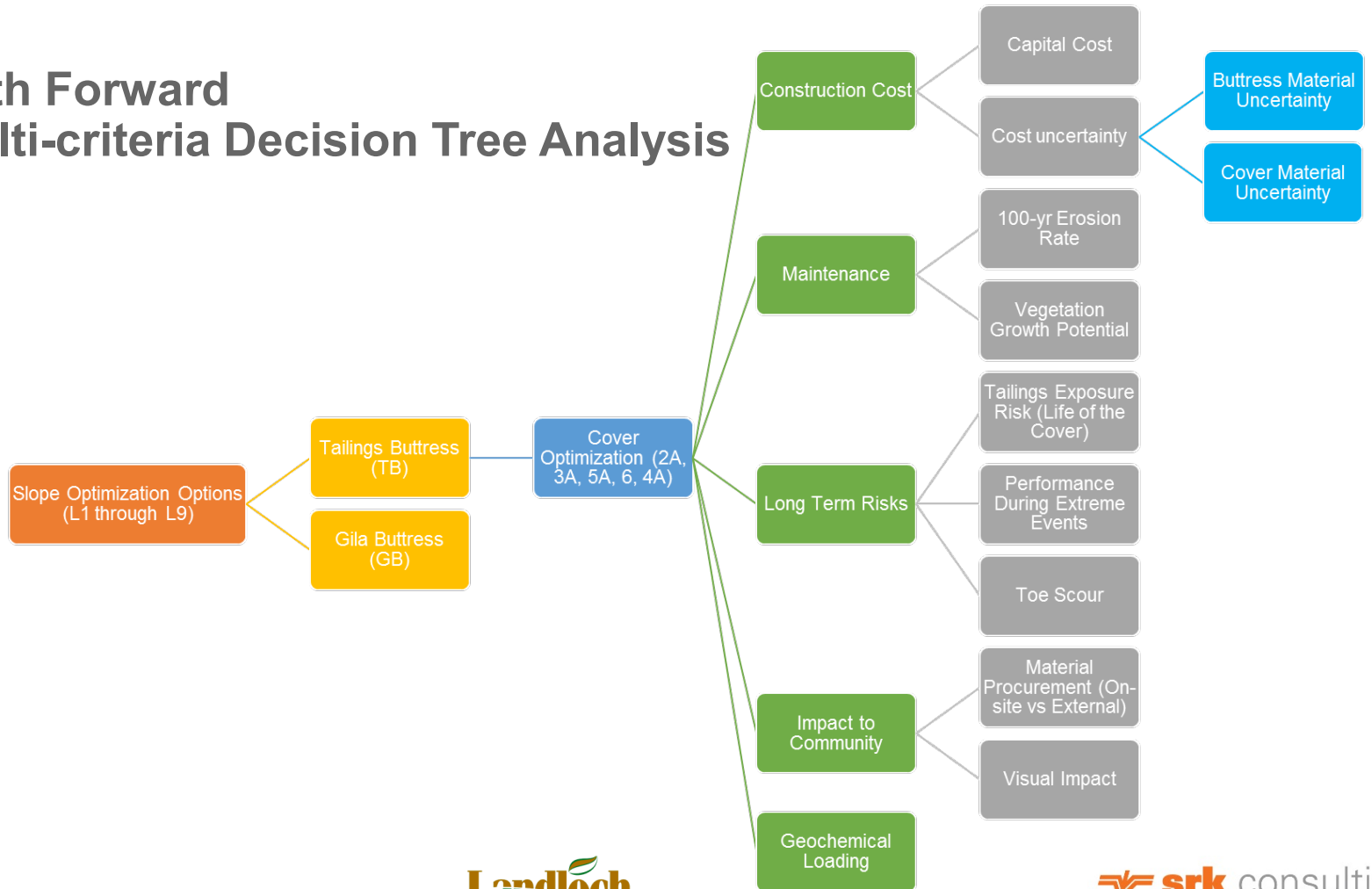


- Drainage density
- Flow concentration channels



Path Forward

Multi-criteria Decision Tree Analysis



Questions?